THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9680. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1783.

This day is published,

By CHARLES ELLIOT, Parliament-Square, and sold by all the Booksellers in town and country, Price only 2 s. 6 s. neatly bound, (a few copies on finer paper at 3 s. neatly bound in calf.)

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By WILLIAM SCOTT, Teacher of English, Writing, &c. in Edinburgh

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☞ These two books, without the additions, formerly sold for 1 l. 11 s. 6 d.

A few copies of Lieut. Colonel Cockburn's Trial, at 2 s only.

N. B. Fuller lists may be seen at the end of Mr Scott's Lessons, or Tooke's Pantheon, &c. The greatest encouragement given to teachers, or those who buy quantities.

WHITEHALL, August 30. 1783.

THE Commissioners appointed by act of

Parliament, for enquiring into the losses, &c. of the American Loyalists, being assembled for the purpose of carrying the act into execution, request such persons as intend to make claims to state their cases fully by way of Memorial, and to deliver the same at Mr Forster's chambers, No. 7. King's Bench Walks, Inner Temple, any day (Sundays excepted) between the hours of ten and two o'clock, until the 29th September; and afterwards at the office of the Commissioners in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields. It is required that each claiment specify, at the time of presenting his memorial, his place of abode, and the names, descriptions, and places of abode of the witnesses by whose testimony the case is intended to be substantiated, otherwise the same will not be taken into consideration. And the Commissioners recommend the perusal of the act to the several claiments, before they make their applications.

By order of the Commissioners,

JOHN FORSTER, Secretary.

Copies of the act to be had at Mr Creech's shop, Edinburgh.

SALE OF BROAD CLOTHS, &c.

CONTINUES ON SALE,

AT the Shop of MRS MOIR, opposite to the Cross, her whole stock in trade, consisting of Superfine Cloths, Second Cloths, Hunters and Forest Cloths; a variety of Silks for vests, Lyneeys and Velverets for riding vests, Florentines, Prince's Stuffs, Lastings, Stocking-pieces, &c. &c. for breeches. Cocked Hats and Riding Hats; Silk, Thread, and Worsted Stockings; with many other articles in the woolen-drapery business.

As the goods must be all sold immediately, the prices will be considerably under the first cost. Superfine cloths, common colours, 15 s. per yard, ready money only.

MRS MOIR takes this opportunity of sincerely returning thanks to her friends and customers for the favours she has received from them; and now that she is leaving off business, respectfully begs leave to recommend them to ARMOUR AND HAMILTON, at the Peacock, opposite the Luckenbooths, who, she is certain, from the variety, quality, and moderate price of their goods, have it in their power to serve them as well as any shop in town.

WHALE OIL AND FINS AT DUNBAR.

TO be SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 25th day of September instant, within the Whale-Fishing Company's office in Dunbar, at twelve o'clock noon,

About 70 Tons Oil,
And 8 Tons Whalefins.

The fins are of an exceeding fine quality, great part of them measuring from 10 to 13 feet in length.

Farm of COOKSTON of KIPPO to be LET.

TO be LET by public roup, on the ground of the lands, on Wednesday the 24th of September 1783, betwixt the hours of eleven and twelve forenoon, for nineteen years from Martinmas 1784.

The Farm of COOKSTON, lying in the Parish of Kingsbarns, and shire of Fife, two miles north of Crail, as presently possessed by William Henry. This Farm consists about eighty-five Scots acres, all arable, and of an exceeding good quality; can be very easily inclosed, and lies near several towns on the coast, where manure can be had at a moderate rate.

William Henry, the present tenant, will show the lands, and inform as to further particulars.

FARMS TO LET.

TO be LET, for the space of nineteen years, and entered to at the term of Martinmas next, the Farm of the WEST MAINS of DUNDAS, consisting of 98 acres Scots measure or thereby. AS ALSO, the Farm of WESTMUIR, both as presently possessed by Andrew Young. There are dwelling-houses and office-houses on both farms, in complete order, and the grounds are all sufficiently inclosed. Offers for these farms will be received by John Dundas clerk to the signet; and George Matthew at Dundas Castle will show the grounds.

MR YOUNG, one of the four Teachers of English appointed by the City of Edinburgh, takes this opportunity of informing his Friends in the New Town, that his School in St David's Street is again opened, and will continue to be taught at the same hours as formerly.

Mr Young is extremely sensible of his obligations to the inhabitants of the New Town, during the period of nine years in which he has taught that School.——He flatters himself that he will continue to deserve their good opinion, and that they will give him leave to hope for their continuance and friendship in future,

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS Mr JOHN MACINTYRE, Merchant in Canton in China, has found it necessary, on account of the extravagance of his Wife, CATHARINE MACINTYRE, presently residing in Gabriel's Road, New Town, Edinburgh, to use an INHIBITION against her, this intimation is given to prevent the Public from being imposed upon, her Husband being determined to pay no debts to be hereafter contracted by her, as a sufficient provision is established by him for the comfortable support of her and family.

SHIRE OF CLACKMANNAN.

NOTICE is hereby given to the FREEHOLDERS of the County of Clackmannan, that their Michaelmas Head Court is to be held at Clackmannan upon Tuesday the 30th of September current; and that a Claim is lodged with the Sheriff-clerk for the Honourable Charles Cathcart to be put upon the roll.

SELKIRKSHIRE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Freeholders of the shire of Selkirk, that their Michaelmas Meeting is to be held within the Court-house of Selkirk upon Thursday the 2d of October, at twelve o'clock mid-day; and that a claim is lodged with the Sheriff clerk for inrolling Walter Scott of Raeburn, Esq.

WE the Subscribers, IMPORTERS of and DEALERS in TOBACCO, in the City of Glasgow, considering, that in consequence of the very high duty on this article, many evil disposed persons may be tempted to land cargoes clandestinely, during the winter months, in this kingdom, to the great injury of the revenue, and the fair trader—do solemnly engage, both collectively and individually, that we shall use our utmost efforts to detect and expose all such illicit practices; and, for this purpose, we unanimously agree not only to publish the names of all who are known to be concerned in landing tobacco clandestinely in this kingdom; but also, that we shall refuse credit to every dealer and manufacturer in Scotland, who are known to purchase tobacco which has not been regularly landed, and for which his Majesty's duties have not been paid: and such manufacturers as shall refuse or decline to enter into an agreement for the purpose of discouraging smugglers, shall be considered by us as parties concerned; and consequently neither entitled to confidence or credit from the fair trader.

Given under our hands, at Glasgow, this 16th day of September 1783. (Signed)

Colin Dunlop and Sons.	Patrick Colquhoun.
Cunninghame Corbet.	George Buchanan.
Christie and Smith.	Alexander M'Caul.
George Oswald and Co.	George Buchanan, jun.
James Hopkirk.	William Cunninghame and Co.
John Glassford and Co.	John Campbell, sen. and Co.
Spiers, French, and Co.	Thomas Hopkirk.
Robert Finlay and Co.	[illegible] Govan.
French, Crawfurd, and Co.	Robert Dreghorn.
Robert Scott.	John Riddell.
David Crosse.	Archibald Henderson and Co.
Thomas Crawfurd and Co.	Henry Riddel and Co.
Henry Ritchie.	Murdoch, Hamilton, and Co.

WE the Subscribers, all MANUFACTURERS of TOBACCO in the city of Glasgow, considering the great injury that the revenue, as well as the fair trader, will sustain, by illicit and clandestine transactions in this article, which are too much to be apprehended in consequence of the return of peace, and the very high duties at present paid—Do solemnly engage to use our utmost efforts, both collectively and individually, to suppress and detect every species of smuggling, in the article of Tobacco; and, for this purpose, we hereby publicly declare our resolution not to purchase, directly or indirectly, any Tobacco which we suspect to have been clandestinely landed in this kingdom, without paying his Majesty's duty: but that we shall, to the utmost of our power, expose and publish the names of all dealers who may either offer for sale, or become the purchasers of such tobacco.

Given under our hands, at Glasgow, this 16th day of September, 1783. (Signed)

John Tilloch and Co.	John Christie.
Walter Smith.	Walter Graham.
John Reid.	John Auld.
Muir and Kirkland.	William and Andrew Dick.
James Smith.	Alexander Fisher.
Ann Watt.	Dunning and Stewart.
John Muckle.	Alexander Hamilton.
Irvine and Blackie.	John Alexander.
Francis Tinning.	James George, jun.
Robert Gemmill.	Robert Dunning.
Boyle and Ballantine.	Allan Carswell.
James Rankine.	Robert Bailie.
David Black.	

N. B. Those manufacturers, who, upon proper application being made to them, refuse to sign the above agreement, or one similar thereto, will have their names published, and given in to the whole of the importers and dealers in tobacco in Glasgow.

To be LET Furnished or Unfurnished, & may be entered to immediately,

A DWELLING-HOUSE at Rosemount, con-

sisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, four bed-rooms, closets, kitchen, &c. pleasantly situated six miles east from Edinburgh—The air is esteemed very healthful, the soil remarkably dry, and situation convenient for sea-bathing, being near the town of Prestonpans, which has the advantage of a stage-coach going to Edinburgh every day. Also, Furnished Lodgings at Rosemount, where apartments may be had from 7 s. to two Guineas per week.—Ladies who incline to board in the country may be accommodated on the most reasonable terms.

For particulars, apply at Rosemount.——Not to be repeated.

TRUSTEES FOR TURNPIKE-ROADS.

By order of the Trustees, for putting in execution the Acts of Parliament, for making and repairing the Turnpike Roads in the Shire of Edinburgh, and the Commissioners of Supply for said Shire,

NOTICE is hereby given, That a petition is to be presented to the Parliament of Great Britain, in the ensuing Session, praying that powers may be granted to the said Trustees, to borrow on the security of the Tolls and duties collected and levied from the Toll Bars within the district of Lasswade, in the said Shire, an additional sum not exceeding 2000 l. Sterling, for the use of the Turnpike Roads in the said district, over and above the sums already borrowed on the security of the said Tolls and Duties; as also praying, that powers may be granted to the said Trustees, to make some alterations in the present method of laying on, and levying the statute work within the said Shire.

By order of the said Trustees and Commissioners of Supply,

SAM. MITCHELSON, Jun. Clerk.

TO be SOLD by public auction, for behoof of creditors, on Tuesday the 28th of October, at Gibb's Coffeehouse in Leith, betwixt the hours of eleven and one o'clock forenoon,

The CARGO of the SEALOCK PACKET;

William Simpson master, from South Carolina, consisting of

About 350 Barrels, and some Half Barrels, of Rice.
15 Casks Indigo.
About 10 Tons of Logwood.
197 Barrels of Pitch—with some Tar and Staves.

The whole to be sold in Lots, of which catalogues will be given eight days before the sale, by John Jamieson and Co.

LONDON.

The following are the particulars respecting the unhappy death of Mr Maddison, at Paris:

Extract of a fifth letter from a gentleman on a tour to Paris, to his friend in London.

Paris, August 30.

"On Saturday night he went to bed in perfect health, and at six o'clock next morning he rang for his servant, and ordered him to get him a *bouillon*. His orders were immediately obeyed; but having taken a spoonful of the brooth, he said he did not like the taste, and then ordered tea: after having taken the tea, his bell was heard to ring violently; the servants ran to his apartment, and found him lying on the floor in strong convulsions: when he recovered his speech, he said, that finding himself suddenly seized with violent pains, he crawled to the bell-cord, and while he was pulling it, he remembered he fell down. His legs and thighs were found to be almost all over livid and black; the most excruciating pains reached his bowels, and a violent vomiting and purging soon came on. All [illegible] symptoms, together with the spasms, which did not appear to be the *consequence* of any prior complaint, but the very *beginning* of a disorder, induced a suspicion that *poison* must have been administered to him. The Duke of Manchester, not satisfied with one physician, had several of the most eminent called in; they ordered opium in very small quantities, to deaden the pain in the bowels, and to settle the stomach, so that the vomiting ceasing, the medicines might remain in it. The opium *seemed* to have produced all these effects; the bowels were completely relieved from pain; the purging and vomiting ceased, and the patient appeared to be perfectly at ease; the physicians congratulated one another on the happy effect of the opium, and gave the strongest hopes that Mr Maddison would recover. But the parts lately effected were become insensible: a gangrene had seized upon the bowels, and what ought to have alarmed the physicians, lulled them into a false security. About nine o'clock on Wednesday night he expired, after having borne with more than stoick fortitude the most excruciating tortures; he shewed not the least symptom of joy when the physicians gave him hopes of life; and he betrayed not the least [illegible] when they afterwards dashed these hopes; and, during the course of his illness, the violence of his pain never extorted from him a single expression of impatience. He was asked if he would not make a will? he said there was no occasion; his relations were all wealthy, and he was sure they would not quarrel about what property he should leave behind him; so he made no will. The Duke of Manchester, Mr Hartley, and others, were struck with the singular circumstances that attended his case. If the convulsions had been *preceded* by any complaint that might have occasioned them, there would have been nothing surprising in the case; but the complaint *instantly* manifested itself by convulsions, and a total change of the colour of the skin, which became of a black or livid hue. It was resolved therefore that the body should be opened, in order that it might, if possible, be discovered whether or not his death had been produced by poison. The French Minister, Comte de Vergennes, to whom the suspicions had been communicated, ordered the King's first surgeon, and also the surgeon of their Royal Highnesses Mesdames de France, to attend the operation; it was performed by an Irish surgeon, who found the *duodenum* (a gut so called) corroded, and eaten into holes; the faculty were of opinion, that the symptoms or appearance of the intestines *might* have been produced by poison; but they also agreed that they might have been produced *without* poison; and they seemed to lean chiefly to the latter opinion; but the surgeon who opened the body did not hesitate to say, that, in his opinion, Mr Maddison's complaint originated in something he had swallowed; which something, be it poison or what, had occasioned his death; and in order that if any discovery should be hereafter made of any poison being administred to him, there should remain some convincing proof of the effect of it, the *duodenum* was taken out, and preserved in spirits. The body was removed this night from the *Hotel du Park Royal*, where the deceased expired, to the Swedish burying-ground, a little distance from town, and was there deposited. It was carried in a hearse, preceded by the chariot of the deceased, and followed by two mourning coaches, the Duke of Manchester's, and some other gentlemen's carriages. Government here have behaved with the greatest propriety on the melancholy event; and the Lieutenant General de Police has omitted nothing to bring to light the mystery, if any mystery there is in this affair. It must be a consolation to his friends to hear that he is regretted more than can well be expressed, by the French of all ranks."

PRICE OF STOCKS, SEPT. 16.

Bank Stock, shut.	3 per cent. Ann. —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, shut.	India Bonds, 20 a 21 dise.
3 per cent. con. 62¼ a ⅜ a ½.	Exchequer Bills, 11 a 10 a 11 dise.
3 per cent. red. shut.	Navy Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Long Ann. 18 15-16ths a ⅞.
Long Ann. 18 15-16ths a ⅞.	3 per cent. Scrip. 64½ a 64.
Short Ann. 1778, 13 5-16ths a ½.	4 per cent. Scrip. 83½ a ¼ a ⅝.
South Sea Stock, —	Light Long. Ann. 19⅛.
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Omnium, par.
Ditto New Ann. 61¼ a ⅜.	Lottery Tickets, 13 l. 2 s. 6 d.
Ditto 1751, —	a 3 s. a 2 s. 6 d.
India Stock, —	

EXCHANGES, LONDON WITH HOLLAND.

Amsterdam, 34 9 2½ U.	Agio of the Bank from Holla d, 4½ per cent.
Ditto Sight, 34 4.	
Rotterdam, 34 11 2½ U.	

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *Sept.* 16.

Whitehall, Sept. 16.

ADVICES have been received over land from Fort William, Bengal, dated the 10th of March laſt, which confirm the accounts of the treaty with the Mahratta State being concluded on the 17th of May 1782, and ratified at Fort William on the 6th of June following; that it was completely ratified by the Paiſhwa and Miniſters at Poona, on the 20th of December; and that the original counterparts of the treaty were finally interchanged, with every public formality, between Mr Anderſon and Mudajee Sindia, on the 24th of February laſt.

War-Office, Sept. 16. 1783.

1ſt Regiment of foot guards, Lieutenant-Colonel John Jones is appointed to be Captain of a company, vice Frederick Thomas. Major the Honourable Henry Fitzroy Stanhope, of the 97th regiment, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Jones.

Commiſſions ſigned by his Majeſty for the army in Ireland.

2d Regiment of horſe, Mr Chambre Brabazon Ponſonby to be Cornet, vice Samuel Corbett, who retires. Dated Auguſt 28. 1783. The Hon. Major Henry Skeffington to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice David Dundas. Dated Auguſt 31. 1783. Captain John Dillon, from the 5th dragoons, to be Major, vice Henry Skeffington. Dated as above. Cornet Richard Devonſhire Newenham to be Lieutenant, vice Hans Hamilton. Dated as above.

5th Dragoons, James Watkin Wilbraham, Eſq; to be Captain, vice Robert Hobart, promoted. Dated Auguſt 15. 1783. Lieutenant Hans Hamilton, from the 2d horſe, to be Captain, vice John Dillon. Dated Auguſt 31. 1783.

8th Dragoons, Captain Sir James Erſkine, Bart. of the 14th dragoons, to be Major, vice Thomas Goldie. Dated Auguſt 28. 1783.

18th Dragoons, Robert Hobart, Eſq; of the 5th dragoons, to be Major, vice Thomas Warmeſley, who retires. Dated Auguſt 15. 1783.

11th Foot, Enſign William Cane to be Lieutenant, vice Chriſtopher Michell, who retires. Dated Auguſt 28. 1783. Mr Gerald Fitzgerald to be Enſign, vice William Cane.

32d Foot, Enſign Charles Wilcocks, from the half-pay of the 3d battalion of the 60th regiment of foot, to be Enſign, vice Edward Hoare Reeves. Dated as above.

67th Foot, Captain John Browne, of the 13th dragoons, to be Major, vice Thomas Pringle. Dated Auguſt 30. 1783.

103d Foot, Mr Robert Kenny to be Enſign, vice Harvey Coombe, who retires. Dated Auguſt 28. 1783.

105th Foot, Lieutenant Archibald Douglas, of the 77th foot, to be Captain, vice James King, who retires. Dated as above.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *Sept.* 16.

The packet for the Leeward Iſlands, Jamaica, and New York, are detained till further orders.

The Briton, Dale, from London to Oſtend, is on ſhore near Middleburg; the cargo expected to be ſaved.

The Der Graf Zinzendorf, Pavolini, from London to Liſbon and China, was off the Cape of Good Hope on the 7th of June laſt, all well.

The Financier, Lobee, from Charleſtown to London, was loſt on the iſland Scilly, and three men drowned; a very ſmall part of the cargo ſaved; alſo another veſſel was loſt at the ſame place, name or voyage not mentioned.

The Angel Gabriel, Moores, from Dantzick to Liverpool, is loſt near Cherburg; part of the cargo ſaved.

The Ellen Machel, from Narva for the river Wyre, was run foul of by another veſſel in the Lewis, in a violent gale of wind, by which her bow was ſtove in, and having four feet water in her hold, the Captain run her on ſhore to prevent her ſinking, and, having ſtopt the leaks, brought her ſafe into the river Wyre, where ſhe was diſcharging the 12th inſtant; her cargo damaged.

The Hope, New, from St Vincent's, arrived in the Downs, ſpoke with Captain Sutter, of the David, ſix days from Newfoundland, bound to Cadiz, in lat. 42. 24. and long. 35. all well.

Perth, with barley, was loſt off Anderton, from Koningsburg to Weſtrand; part of the cargo will be ſaved.

The Peace and Plenty, Bradſtreet, was ſpoke with by the Catharine, Steel, the 6th of Auguſt, 40 leagues eaſt from Cape Henry, all well, bound from London to Virginia.

Capt. Cundle, of the Diana, arrived in the River from Jamaica, ſpoke the Charming Nancy, Clarke, from London to New York, out ſix weeks from the Downs, lat. 38. long. 46—17. all well; alſo ſpoke the Succeſs, Harris, from Whitehaven to Virginia, out ſix weeks from the Iſle of Man, lat. 38—20 long. 38—19.

The Nancy, Robertſon, from Jamaica to London, was loſt on the iſland Scilly; a ſmall part of the cargo and crew ſaved.

The Friends Endeavour, Holloway, from Dartmouth to Newfoundland, foundered the 24th ult. the crew were taken out of her by a French ſloop of war, and landed at Falmouth.

The Delight, Roberts, from London to Liverpool, is put into Milford Haven in diſtreſs, having loſt an anchor and cable, and her rudder broke, and was obliged to cut away ſome of her yards, &c. in a gale of wind.

Capt. Bruce, of the Robert's Adventure, from Jamaica, arrived in the River, ſpoke the Mary's, Hore, from Jamaica to London, off Bermuda, all well.

Capt. Trew, of the Olive Branch, arrived in the Downs from Tobago; on the 16th ult. ſpoke the Queen of Angels, Blackburn, from Granada for London, lat. 32. long. 62. all well; a few days before ſpoke the Ceres, Brown, from Tobago, lat. 28. long. 62. all well.

From the London Papers, Sept. 16.

Frankfort, Sept. 3. The laſt letters from the Ukraine informs us, that the Prince Repnin has quitted his head-quarters at Human, and is marched with the troops under his command, ſo that we may ſoon expect to receive important news from that ſide.

Paris, Sept. 7. They write from Cherbourg, that the regiment of Baſſigny is the only at preſent employed in the Coffers, which are to be thrown into the ſea. The infectious air breathed there, and the frequent accidents which kill or maim the labouring ſoldiers, have excited the attention of Miniſtry, who have ſent there from Breſt 1400 galley ſlaves, as more deſerving to hazard their lives, than the ſoldiery, who though ready to ſacrifice them for their Sovereign, yet refuſe with reaſon to continue this peſtilential and murderous work.

An epidemic diſtemper reigns in the village of Meudon, the contagion of which has reached Argenteuil and Fontainbleau. A number of perſons have been ſeized by it, and many died.

LONDON.

An expreſs over land arrived yeſterday morning, at the Eaſt India Houſe, in Leadenhall-ſtreet, from Bombay. A Court of Directors was ſummoned for this day, to examine the contents of the diſpatches, the leading circumſtance of which we underſtand to be as follow:—That a complete victory had been obtained by the Britiſh troops over the confederated army of the French and India forces, which had been followed by the capture of ſeveral forts, and terminated at laſt in the capitulation of Mungulore, the capital of Tippo Saib, on the Malabar ſhore, on the 6th of March, in which he himſelf was preſent during the greateſt part of the ſiege, but contrived, with ſeveral French officers of rank, to make his eſcape a few days previous to the ſurrender of the garriſon. A great quantity of artillery has fallen into the hands of the Britiſh General, and the defeat of it is deemed of ſo deciſive a nature as to remove all apprehenſions of any material diſturbance in future from the faction under Tippo Saib. The ſucceſs on this occaſion is aſcribed principally to the prudence of the Britiſh General, in advancing to the enemy and giving them battle at the very period when the death of Hyder Ally was publicly known, and the ſpirit of deſection in conſequence of it univerſally diffuſed. The account further adds, that Admiral Hughes and Sir Richard Bickerton had ſailed from Bombay on the 17th of March, with one ſhip of 80, four of 74, two of 70, ſix of 64, two of 50, five frigates, a fire-ſhip, two bombs, and three ſtore-ſhips; they were to call at Goa for three ſhips repairing there, which would complete the ſquadron. In Governor Hornby's diſpatches there are alſo accounts from Bengal, which are brought down to the latter end of March; the Trial packet was then at Calcutta, and was to be diſpatched for England in April. There were five of the Company's ſhips at Bengal.

The accounts about the Commercial Treaty with America being vaniſhed into ſmoke, are erroneous. Mr Hartley has come home for freſh inſtructions on a point of difference; but we can aſſure our readers that he returns again in the courſe of a few days to act under the ſame, and not under a new commiſſion. There is alſo the cleareſt proſpect of its being brought to a ſpeedy and favourable termination.

The Ruſſian ſquadron is very ſhortly expected in the Downs, having ſailed from Cronſtadt road near three weeks ſince: The agents are gone to Deal and Portſmouth to provide freſh proviſions and ſtores for the crews as ſoon as they arrive.

The laſt letters from the Weſt-Indies brought over large orders for goods, eſpecially at the Grenades, St Kitt's, and St Vincents.

The Quebec man of war, Captain Maſon, arrived from America, brought paſſengers from New-York, Captain Salter, of the Santa Margaretta frigate, his lady, and Mrs Smith of that city.

The eight following battalions were under orders for embarkation, when the Quebec frigate left New-York, on their return to Heſſe Caſſel: Knyphauſen, Prince Hereditaire, Angelelli, Benning, Ditfurth, Boſſe, Knoblauch, Bunau.

We are ſorry to hear by the laſt accounts from Charleſtown, much was apprehended from the fury of the Americans, by thoſe who have been inimical to their cauſe, inſtanced by a Mr Simpſon, jun. late of the militia of that town, and ſon of the Attorney General, who was dragged from his houſe with many others, and pumped in the face of noon day.

A meſſenger was ſent off on Thurſday, from the Secretary of State's Office into Derbyſhire, to enquire into the truth of the diſorder among the cattle, who returned laſt night with the agreeable intelligence, that it is now nearly ceaſed.

A correſpondent aſſures us, that the meteor ſeen here, was ſeen at Bruſſels about the ſame time; and he doubts not but it was alſo ſeen at Rome, and all over Europe. To talk therefore of its nearneſs to the earth is abſurd; for it is more probable it was as diſtant as the moon.

Saturday evening was married by ſpecial licenſe, at Sir Robert Harland's, in Portman-Square, the Hon. Major-General Dalrymple, brother to the Earl of Stair, to Miſs Harland, eldeſt ſurviving daughter of Admiral Sir Robert Harland.

Accounts from Marſeilles mention, that advices had been received from Suez, declaring the new Pacha ſent from Conſtantinople to Grand Cairo had enforced the Firman, lately iſſued by the Porte, in the ſevereſt manner. Two Engliſh veſſels, which had arrived at Suez from India richly loaded, had been ſeized by the Chief Bey, and their crews thrown into priſon. A rich caravan going from Bagdad to Cairo, in the ſame manner, had been plundered under pretence of the commodities being contraband, and the Engliſh merchants and their ſervants ſtripped and inhumanly treated by the ſoldiers of the Pacha.

The late Chief Bey of Cairo had for ſome years paſt, from motives of intereſt, encouraged a contraband trade, which had been carried on by the Engliſh and Dutch from India to Cairo, greatly to their advantage, notwithſtanding the Grand Seignor's Firman, which forbids all foreign Chriſtian ſhips from approaching Suez. This conduct being repreſented at the Porte, the Grand Signior commanded the Chief Bey to be ſent in chains to Conſtantinople, where his head was ordered to be ſtruck off; but it is ſaid, he purchaſed his life by a well-timed preſent to the Vizier of 200,000 ſequins.

Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, Aug. 22.

"The Straits of the Dardanelles are pretty well fortified, his ſublime Highneſs having, by advice of the French engineers, moored floating batteries, which command the paſſage, and are mounted with long cannon, 32, 48, and 60 pounders. The iſlands of the Archipelago are alſo putting as faſt as poſſible into a ſtate of defence; but the reigning diſeaſe greatly retards the preparations."

Extract of a letter from Vienna, Sept. 2.

"A number of ammunition waggons have lately been ſent to the army aſſembling at Hungary; and arms and ſoldiers cloathing are going to the ſame quarter. All this looks very hoſtile; though it is the general received opinion, that his Imperial Majeſty will take no part whatever in the diſpute between Ruſſia and the Porte, except what tends to protect the Frontiers of his own territories."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Sept. 11.

"The Spaniſh Miniſter has notified to the King's Miniſters the arrival of the Spaniſh fleet at Carthagena, from before Algiers, where, after a fortnight's continual firings, day and night, no impreſſion had been made on the city: The ſhells from the bombs either fell on ſhore, or in places where they did ſmall execution. We have it very current here, that the King takes upon him the mediation with the Dey and his Catholic Majeſty, and that he has already deſpatched orders to the French Conſul at Algiers to make the proper repreſentations on this head, and to inſiſt on the Spaniſh captives being reſtored on a moderate price for all, the females excepted."

EDINBURGH.

IRISH INTELLIGENCE.

DUNGANNON MEETING.

ON Monday the 8th inſtant, at half paſt twelve, the Committee of Correſpondence having taken their places, the remaining Delegates, to the number of at leaſt 500, from 278 corps of Volunteers, were admitted by tickets into the lower part of the Diſſenting Meeting-houſe; an amazing crowd of ladies and gentlemen occupying the galleries.

Colonel James Stewart, with unanimous conſent, was called to the Chair, and who opened the buſineſs by reading the call of the 45 corps met at Lisburn 1ſt of July laſt; and their addreſs to the province, which had confined itſelf to the ſingle point of a more equal repreſentation of the people in the Parliament of Ireland.

Before the buſineſs of the day was entered into, the Chairman read a letter from Lieut. Col. Francis Dobbs, claiming his ſeat as the repreſentative of a Volunteer company: Before the queſtion on his requeſt was put, it was explained to comprehend the idea, that the Aſſembly of Volunteer Delegates could not, with propriety, debate with any Fencible officer. The queſtion thus explained, and carried unanimouſly, was, "that the conſideration of the letter be poſtponed till the ſecond day of meeting."

This matter being carried with a ſhew of ſpirit and happy preſage of coincidence of opinion, a venerable old gentleman, Mr Stewart of Killymoon, aroſe, and in a tremulous voice, expreſſive of fire, good ſenſe, and a warm heart in the glorious buſineſs of the day, urged the neceſſity of that aſſembly diſcovering in their conduct the moſt complete unanimity, as ſuch a line of conduct muſt infallibly lead to ſucceſs. The reverend figure from whom this animated addreſs came, and the manner of it, were felt by every perſon preſent, and did not a little tend to promote the perfect union which characteriſed the glorious proceedings of the day.

The Committee of Correſpondence, through their Chairman and Secretary, read a report of their proceeding, in which it appeared that they had opened a correſpondence with a number of the firſt characters in England, and had received anſwers fraught with moſt important information, all of which expreſſed the utmoſt zeal and certainty of ſucceſs, in the great undertaking. It appeared alſo, that the vaſt and populous county of York in England, that has made ſuch noble ſtruggles in a parliamentary reform, had, in conſequence of the ſpirited conduct of Ulſter and Munſter, called a meeting for the cloſe of the preſent month, in order that the zeal of the two kingdoms, operating at the ſame time, may level every difficulty, and reſtore the repreſentation of the people to that purity, without which, to uſe the words of Ulſter addreſs to the other three provinces, "the unanimated forms of a free conſtitution would "be a curſe, and life ceaſe to be a bleſſing." Such ardour has that county diſcovered already, that the Society for Conſtitutional Knowledge, compoſed of the beſt, and ſome of the moſt illuſtrious characters in Britain, have publiſhed the addreſs of the forty-five corps to Ulſter, in the public prints, and circulated copies of it *gratis* over that extenſive kingdom, in order to excite a ſimilar ſpirit to that which promiſes ſuch glorious effects in this.

The report being cloſed, the Committee proceeded to lay before the aſſembly a ſyſtem of ideas on the ſubject of a reform, and propoſed them paragraph by paragraph, all of which were, with very few alterations in point of expreſſion, unanimouſly carried. (See the Reſolves at large underneath.)

The Biſhop of Derry, who was a Delegate from the Derry corps, made a very eminent figure in the debate, till ſeized with a gouty complaint, he was under the neceſſity of retiring. His firſt eſſay was adjuſting ſome hiſtorical facts relative to the early ſtate of the repreſentation of the Commons after the Norman conqueſt, in which he exhibited admirable quickneſs and perſpicuity. But in conſequence of its being urged in the courſe of debate, that "the object of the meeting was a reform of the Commons Houſe of Parliament," the interference of the people was informal and unneceſſary. He delivered one of the moſt animated and intereſting orations that we remember to have heard. He avowed that he was not afraid to ſay, that he preferred that meeting, as a faithful, honeſt, and ſpirited repreſentation of the people, to every other meeting or ſenate he was acquainted with in either kingdoms; and in the cloſe of his ſpeech he drew a very mortifying picture of the preſent ſtate of the Houſe of Lords. He declared the higheſt reverence for the Volunteers—their permanence and their objects; but defied the moſt ſpirited among them to point out a length for the ſervice and dignity of this kingdom to which he would not lead or follow. He concluded by ſaying, that he would rather have an opportunity of ſerving Ireland in the national convention of Volunteer Delegates, or even in the very loweſt of their committees, to any other mode of doing it in any other aſſembly.

His ſpeech was received with univerſal and marked applauſe; ſoon after which he retired from the meeting, having been ſeized with a ſlight gouty complaint, which has ſince, we find, ſubſided.

The meeting of the 8th September, as far as property and rank conſtitute it, was the moſt ſplendid and great of any of the former ones.—There were preſent as delegates, acting under the inſtructions of their corps, 15 members of the new Parliament, beſides ſeveral in the galleries.

That eminent and unrivaled ſenator in point of ability, Henry Flood, being deputed by the Belfaſt 1ſt company, of which he is an honorary member, had travelled 120 miles to attend in his place, and comply with the written orders of his corps, but was ſtopt in his progreſs, by a violent gouty complaint, within a few miles of Dungannon. The aſſembly was thereby, it is preſumed, deprived of a diſplay of that profound knowledge and unequalled eloquence, that has ſo often arreſted the attention of the Iriſh ſenate, has brought conviction home to a whole nation, and has been a means of procuring for Ireland an acknowledgment of our independency as a ſtate.

The aggregate number of Volunteers repreſented at the meeting, was not leſs than *eighteen thouſand*, whoſe real ſentiments were conveyed with a degree of integrity and faithfulneſs, which in more formal meetings may be expected in vain. When we reflect on the mode of delegation, which was by written inſtructions from every company, a truer mirror of their wiſhes cannot be deſired: when we conſider, that, out of nine counties, Fermanagh and Cavan were in the heat of conteſted elections, and Down only juſt recovering from the fatigue of one, and in the moment of her aſſizes, with the additional circumſtance of the extreme badneſs of the weather for the two preceding days, the meeting muſt be conſidered as one of the moſt auguſt and reſpectable that perhaps has ever been experienced in any age or nation. Had not theſe circumſtances interfered, it is alledged, and with much ſhew of truth, that from 23,000 to 25,000 men would that day have been repreſented.

After the matter, propoſed by the Committee of Correſpondence, had been adopted, a member of the Committee aroſe and read a motion in favour of a Bill of Rights, expounding the conſtitution of Ireland, in order, as it expreſſed, that Iriſhmen ſhould not have to ſeek for an acknowledgment of their independency in the Journals of a foreign ſtate. In a ſpirited debate on the queſtion, every ſpeaker diſcovered a marked regard for a meaſure that, from late tranſactions, will naturally take place during the courſe of the enſuing ſeſſion of Parliament, but objected to the uſe of its being then declared by a reſolution of that aſſembly, for the following reaſons, viz. That the call of the meeting having limited the object to the ſingle

point of a more equal representation of the Commons, their companies had therefore given no instructions on that head, and that they could not consistently act under that circumstance; others alledged, that it was already so generally the sense of the Volunteers, that a notice of it in that place were unnecessary: But the leading feature of objection was, that, were the assembly to deviate, in the smallest degree, from the express words of the call, a door would be opened for the discussion of a multiplicity of inferior points, which could not be excluded but on that general principle, of an exclusion of all matter save the *one* object of the call. The motion was, on these grounds, very cheerfully withdrawn by the mover.

The Chairman, whose conduct did him, in the opinion of every person present, infinite honour, left the chair, and Mr Robert Stewart, of Newtown-Ards, the late member for the county of Down, was called to it; the approbation of the Ulster Volunteer army of this gentleman, was expressed with the utmost degree of vehemence, by every delegate present. Instantly on his taking the chair, a gentleman from a remote part of the province, whose voice could scarcely be heard, used the words, "a cheer for Robert Stewart;" instantly on which the house resounded with three cheers, succeeded by such a rage of applause, that some time elapsed before the assembly could be brought to a proper state for returning to business;—a more glorious incitement to the virtue of a senator could not be offered, than this honourable testimony of the veneration of a province!

The meeting broke up after nine at night, the whole business being concluded.

Many assemblies have been seen passing resolutions with cold unanimity; but such a degree of calm deliberation in debate, and of universal enthusiasm, when each question was put, marked the proceedings of the day, as would convince every observer of human affairs, that an event honourable in the highest degree to the Legislature, and glorious to the nation at large, must, in spite of every obstacle, be the inevitable result.

When the provinces of Leinster and Connaught have followed up the proceedings of Munster and Ulster, the world will see that nothing is difficult to the unconquerable hand of freedom, when backed by public spirit, and the fixed resolution of a generous people determined to be free.

Number of Corps actually represented.

Antrim	59	Monaghan	23
Aatrim	50	Armagh	23
Down	42	Fermanagh	8
Tyrone	35	Cavan	4
Donegall	24		
			268
Corps omitted			10
			278

ULSTER VOLUNTEER ASSOCIATION.

AT a meeting of Delegates of Volunteer Corps held at Dungannon, 8th September, 1783,

Colonel JAMES STEWART, of the Tyrone regiment, in the Chair,

The following resolutions were UNANIMOUSLY entered into:

I. Resolved unanimously, That freedom is the indefensible birth-right of Irishmen and Britons, derived from the Author of their being, and of which no power on earth, much less a delegated power, hath a right to deprive them.

II. Resolved unanimously, That *they only* are free, who are governed by no laws but those to which they assent, either by themselves in person, or by their representatives freely chosen, subject to the controul, and frequently returning into the common mass of constituents.

III. Resolved unanimously, That the majority of our House of Commons is not chosen by the people, but returned by the *mandate* of Peers or Commoners, either for indigent boroughs, where scarcely any inhabitants exist, or considerable cities and towns where the elective franchise is vested in a few, who are thus suffered to place the highest trusts of society, *against the interest and will of the many*, in the hands of men who seldom act as if they considered themselves accountable for their conduct to the people.

IV. Resolved unanimously, That, by the ancient constitution of our Parliaments, elections of representatives were for centuries *annual*, and in many instances more frequent, and the exercise of suffrage, among freemen, more universal.

V. Resolved unanimously, That every approach to those fundamental principles tends to a renovation of, not an innovation in, the constitution.

VI. Resolved unanimously, That the elective franchise ought, of right, to extend to all those, and those only, who are likely to exercise it, for the public good.

VII. Resolved unanimously, That the present inadequate representation, and the long duration of Parliaments, destroy that balance which, by our constitution, should subsist between the three estates of the Legislature; render the Commons' House independent of the people; procure certain majorities in favour of every Administration, and threaten either an absolute monarchy, or, that still more odious government, a tyrannical aristocracy.

VIII. Resolved therefore, That the present imperfect representation, and the long duration of Parliaments, ARE UNCONSTITUTIONAL, and *intolerable* GRIEVANCES.

IX. Resolved unanimously, That as the voice of the Commons of Ireland is no less necessary for every legislative purpose, than that of either the King or Lords, the people have a just and inherent right to correct the abuses of representation, whenever such abuses shall have so encreased, as to rob them of their constitutional share in their own government.

X. Resolved unanimously, That it is the interest of Parliament itself to effect a substantial reform, as the very existence of that assembly must become precarious when it shall lose the confidence of the people, to whom it originally owed its creation, and from whom alone its powers were derived.

XI. Resolved unanimously, That we solemnly pledge ourselves to each other, and to our country, to see a speedy and effectual redress of these our grievances, and to co-operate with our fellow-subjects in every exertion necessary to obtain it.

We call for the aid of every upright senator; of every man, whether in Ireland or Great Britain, who bears, or wishes to acquire, the title of a freeman!

XII. Resolved unanimously, That we have attended with admiration to the noble, though hitherto ineffectual efforts, of those illustrious characters and virtuous citizens, who, in England and Scotland, strenuously labour to procure redress of similar grievances. May the examples of the sister nations mutually animate the inhabitants of each to persevere with unremitting ardour until the glorious labour be finally completed.

XIII. Resolved unanimously, That a committee of five persons from each county be now chosen by ballot, to represent this province in a grand national convention, to be held at noon in the Royal Exchange of Dublin, on the tenth day of November next, to which we trust each of the other provinces will send Delegates, to digest and publish a plan of parliamentary reform—to pursue such measures as may appear to them most likely to render it effectual; to adjourn from time to time, and convene provincial meetings, if found necessary.

XIV. Resolved unanimously, That it be an instruction to said Volunteers, that the Delegates from each county do prepare, and carry with them to the national convention, an account of all the cities, towns, and boroughs in this province; the mode of election in such as at present return Members to Parliament, as near as may be the proportional number of Protestant and Roman Catholic inhabitants in each, and a conjecture of their comparative properties.

Resolved unanimously, That we are decided in opinion, that the representatives of the people ought not in future to consent to ANY BILL OF SUPPLY for a longer term than TWELVE MONTHS; nor more than SIX MONTHS, *until a complete redress of the aforesaid grievances be obtained.*

A specific plan of Parliamentary Reform being produced and read to the Committee of Correspondence,

Resolved unanimously, That the said plan be referred to the consideration of the national convention.

Resolved unanimously, That this Association entertain the most grateful sense of the approbation of that respectable body; that we rejoice in the accession of, and will be happy in co-operating in such liberal and patriotic men, in effecting the complete liberty and happiness of the good people of this kingdom.

Resolved unanimously, That the thanks of this meeting be presented to Lieut. Col. Sharman, and the Gentlemen of the Committee of Correspondence, for their great trouble in collecting information on a parliamentary reform, and for their abilities and zeal in digesting matter for the meeting of this day.

Resolved unanimously, That we lament that unavoidable business of consequence prevented our late Chairman, Colonel William Irwin, from attending this meeting; and that the thanks of this meeting be transmitted by our Secretary to Col. William Irwin for his polite letter of excuse for his non-attendance this day.

Resolved unanimously, That the thanks of this meeting be presented to the Lord Bishop of Derry, for his attendance and assistance in the business of this day; for his warm attachment to the Volunteer cause, and for proving himself the steady friend to the liberties of Ireland upon all occasions.

Resolved unanimously, That the sincere thanks of this meeting be returned to the inhabitants of Dungannon, for their very polite conduct, and to the Dungannon battalion, for their vigilant conduct when on guard this day.

Colonel R. Stewart having taken the Chair,

Resolved unanimously, That the particular thanks of this meeting be presented to Colonel Stewart, for his very great propriety of conduct in the chair.

The address of the first regiment of the Irish brigade to the Chairman of this Association, on the 15th of February 1782, being read, a resolution was passed thanking them for the same.

Died at Leith, on Tuesday the 16th current, Geo. Barron, Esq; younger, of Preston. His friends and relations will please accept of this as a sufficient notification of his death.

Thursday Mr William Jamieson was chosen Deacon Convener of the Trades.

It is with pleasure we acquaint our readers, that there was lately found, at different times, in one of the boxes belonging to the Charity Workhouse of this city, five guineas put up in different parcels, deposited by some well-disposed persons for the use of that charity.

The woman that exposed her male child last Monday in the Grass-market, as mentioned in our last, was yesterday apprehended and committed to the City Guard, and this day was examined before the Magistrates, when she was committed to prison. It appeared, upon her examination, that she was admitted into Doctor Aitken's inlying ward on the 6th current, where she was delivered. Another woman was also committed, for exposing her child on the 4th of June last.

Yesterday, James Chapman, residing on Leith Walk, was committed to the Tolbooth, accused of receiving stolen goods.

Shop-keepers, at this time, should be particularly upon their guard against the depredations of sharpers, several of whom seem now to be lurking about this city. The method by which they carry on their illicit practices are is asking for different articles at a distance from the shop-keeper, and, while his back is turned to reach them down, the sharper is employed in secreting whatever he can lay his hands on. A number of these tricks have been attempted within these few days, some of them with success.

The Jane's Increase, Winks, which left Petersburgh the 20th ult. and arrived at Whitehaven on Tuesday se'ennight, brings an account of a battle being fought in the Black Sea, between the Russians and Turks, in which the former lost 16 ships of the line; and the Empress had requested Admiral Elphinstone (who was at Petersburgh) to take the command of a squadron up the Mediterranean, which he had peremptorily refused, on account of the lateness of the season. The city seemed to be in the greatest commotion, and the Spanish and French ambassadors had quitted it. There were great conjectures as to the cause of their departure, which was generally construed into a disagreement between these Courts and the Empress. *Cumb. pack.*

Wednesday the 48th regiment of foot was reviewed in the Green of Glasgow by Lieutenant-General Skene, lately appointed to the command of it. They made a fine appearance, and performed the different evolutions and firings with the greatest dexterity, and much to the satisfaction of the General, and a very numerous company, of all ranks, who were present on this occasion. This regiment is under orders to go to Ireland. It is but justice to observe, that this corps, during a stay of eighteen months in Glasgow, have behaved with great propriety and regularity.

On Monday a fire broke out at Thornlee Printfield, about three miles south of Glasgow. It burnt the house in which it broke out, with some of the goods; but happily the flames were prevented from spreading to the other buildings, otherwise the loss would have been very considerable.

We hear, that two troops of the Scots Greys are ordered to Ayrshire, to suppress smuggling in that part of the country.

Monday se'ennight, a boat, with 14 hands, belonging to a smuggling vessel, just arrived from Gottenburgh in the Bay of Ballantrae, coming ashore in order to apprize the country of their arrival, was overset, by the violence of the surge, and two of them drowned; The other four with difficulty got ashore upon the oars. Next day the vessel landed her cargo, consisting of tea and brandy, which was immediately carried off by the smugglers on the coast; notwithstanding several of the officers of the revenue were present, who durst not interfere, not having any of the military to support them.

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Sept 18.

"On Sunday last the weather (which had been unfavourable for the two preceding weeks) set in very fine, and every part of harvest work is now going forward in the most promising manner; from whence we have the agreeable hopes of plentiful and cheap markets.

"The price of oatmeal, although something fallen, still continues pretty dear, the best selling at 16 d. the peck, and the meanest at 14½ d.

"Potatoes are at 6 d. and 6½ d. the peck.

"Fresh herrings, of the best quality, four a penny."

The very extraordinary length of the proceedings of the Delegates at Dungannon in Ireland, has obliged us to postpone several Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, &c.

ARRIVED at LEITH, Sept. 18. Prince William, Ramsay, Faro, with wine, &c. Nelly, Tulloch, from Hamburgh, with oak timber, &c.

ARRIVED at GREENOCK, Sept. 15.—Carriere Macleish, from Grenada, with sugar and cotton; Success, Brown, from Waterford, with goods; a buss from the Highlands, with herrings.

SAILED, 17. Eolus, Tarbet, for Dublin, with goods; Betsey, Hyndman, for Hallifax, with ditto; Jean, Ritchie, for New York, with ditto; Betty, Machaudy, for Dublin, with ditto.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, September 19.

Wheat	20s.	9 d.	18s.	0d.	17s.	0d.
Barley,	17	6	16	0	15	0
Oats,	15	0	12	9	11	0
Pease,	—	—	—	—	—	—

TO BE BE SOLD, AT CLARKE'S REPOSITORY,

AN EXCEEDING HANDSOME BAY MARE,

SIX YEARS OLD.

NOVA SCOTIA.

THE BARONETS of Nova Scotia, or those who have right as their representatives, to lands in that province, are requested to meet by themselves, or their proxies, at Fortune's tavern, Edinburgh, on Wednesday, the first day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, when a Memorial to the Lords of the Treasury will be submitted to their consideration.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

MR FRASER TYTLER, Advocate, Professor of UNIVERSAL HISTORY, will begin his Course of Lectures on that Science, on Thursday the 20th day of November next, at one o'clock afternoon.

For the use of Students of History, a Supplemental Sheet to the printed Syllabus of Lectures is now in the press, containing a short comparative view of ancient and modern geography.

GOLFING AT ST ANDREWS.

THE SILVER CLUB is to be played for over the Links of St Andrews, on Wednesday the 8th day of October next to come.

NEW BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS,

FOR THE USE OF SUBSCRIBERS TO

The Edinburgh Circulating Library.

MABLY's Dialogues on the Manner of Writing History.
Illustrations of Rousseau's Emilius.
Milner's Experiments and Observations in Electricity.
Aurelia; or, The Contest: an Heroic-Comic Poem.
The Village; a Poem, by Crabbe.
Luxury no Political Evil.
The Errors of Nature; or, The History of Charles Manley, 3 vols.
The Receipt Tax, a Farce, by Dent.
Life and Political Conduct of Charles Fox.
Osborn's Essay on Laborious Parturition.
Poetical Remains of James the First.
Geographical Dictionary, or Universal Gazetteer.
English and Foreign Reviews, Magazines, &c. &c.

☞ Subscribers at a Guinea a-year are allowed four books at a time, including Pamphlets, Political, Philosophical, Poetical, and Miscellaneous; Magazines, Reviews British and Foreign; Parliamentary Registers; Old Bailey and other Trials, &c. &c.—Subscribers at 10s. 6d. a-year, are allowed one book, or two volumes of the same book, at a time.—And every Subscriber is entitled to give orders for the procuring any new Book or Pamphlet that may happen to be over-looked, be the price or size what it may.—A new Catalogue, with great additions, will be published in the beginning of winter.

Likewise just arrived

THE FOLLOWING NEW PRINTS.

WATT's VIEWS of the SEATS of the NOBILITY and GENTRY of GREAT BRITAIN, No. 14. price 6s.—containing the Seats of the Earl of Salisbury, Earl of Egmont, Lord Romney, and Earl Tilney, with descriptions.—These are universally allowed to be the finest engravings of the kind that ever were executed in Britain.

Six Views of the Environs of London, in aquatinta, after drawings by Dillon; very proper for copying; price 10s. 6d. the set.

Four Views of the Distressful Situation of the Jamaica Fleet, after drawings by Dodd; price 1l. 1s.

Two Views of Windsor, finely engraved by Pittler, after drawings by G. Robertson; pair 15s.

Abra forming a Garland of Flowers, from Collins's Eclogues, engraved by Burke, after a painting by Angelica Kauffman, extremely beautiful; price 7s. 6d. proofs 10s. 6d. in colours 1l. 1s.; intended as a companion to Una.

Two Landscapes after Claude Lorraine, and Cuyp, by Lerpeniere; 10s. the pair.

Of J. SIBBALD *may be had,*

Fine Impressions of all the best New Prints at the London prices.—Bunbury's celebrated Prints of Affliction, Robin Gray, La Fleur, Dance, Song, &c.; Night Mare, Una, the Chancellor, Strange's King Charles, Village Doctress, the Tribute Money, &c. &c.

Small Prints upon Sattin for Trimmings, &c.

Edinburgh Castle, Sept. 13. 1783.

DESERTED,

From his Majesty's 21st Regiment Foot, or Royal North British Fuziliers, commanded by the Honourable Lieutenant General Alexander Mackay,

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, 19 years of age, 5 feet 7¾ inches high, brown complection, long visage, large pox-marks, grey eyes, dark-brown hair, stout made, born in the parish of Killers, county of Perth, by trade a labourer. He took a bayonet and belt along with him, and deserted in full uniform of the regiment.

Whoever apprehends and secures the said Deserter in any of his Majesty's goals, &c. shall receive ONE GUINEA over and above what is allowed by act of Parliament, by applying to the Commanding Officers at Head Quarters, or from the agents, Messr. Gray and Ogilvie, Tarrace Spring Gardens, London.

TO be SOLD by public roup in the Ship Coffeehouse, Leith, on Wednesday the 1st October, between 4 and 5 o'clock afternoon,

The Ship BELLONA, of about 240 tons burthen, copper bottomed, and a remarkable swift sailer. She is of such a size and height of decks, as would answer well for the West India or Mediterranean trade, or the whale fishing.

The ship presently lies in Leith harbour.—Articles of roup, and inventory of rigging and stores, may be seen at Anderson and Cundel's, merchants in Leith, who likewise have power to sell her by private bargain, if purchasers so incline.

If the Bellona is not sold on or before the 1st approximo, a freight for her will be accepted on reasonable terms.

ALL Perſons having any Claims or Demands upon the Eſtate of Mr ALEXANDER GRANT, late Sheriff-clerk of Inverneſs, are requeſted to ſend in accompts of the ſame to Mrs Grant, at Stonyfield, near Inverneſs, as ſoon as poſſible, in order that meaſures may be taken for their ſettlement.

Stonyfield, 11th September 1783.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

JAMES HILL, Writer in Glaſgow, Truſtee appointed by the Court of Seſſion, 8th March 1782, on the eſtate of JAMES MOOR merchant in Glaſgow, having already declared one dividend of ten ſhillings in the pound of the ſaid James Moor's debts, gives notice, That by order of the Commiſſioners appointed by the creditors to aſſiſt him in the truſt, a ſecond dividend of Two Shillings and Sixpence in the Pound, will begin to be paid on the 2d of October next.

To the Creditors of William Kirkpatrick, Eſq; *of Ellieſland.*

WHEREAS Mr KIRKPATRICK's Truſtees in Auguſt laſt, publiſhed an advertiſement, requiring all his creditors to lodge their grounds of debt, and depoſitions on the verity thereof, in the hands of Mr Alexander Farquharſon accountant, arbiter choſen for ranking their preferences, in order that the funds might be divided as at Martinmas next, when they will fully be made effectual; and as very few have complied with this requiſition, and ſome imperfectly, by ſending only ſtates in place of their grounds of debt and depoſitions: Theſe are therefore certifying all concerned, that if the grounds of debt, with affidavits thereon, are not produced betwixt and the 10th of October next, the Truſtees will, without further notification, divide the funds amongſt thoſe who have produced; and ſuch as delay, will have themſelves only to blame for any loſs or inconveniency which may enſue.

States of the affairs, and of the truſtees accounts, with vouchers, are lodged with Mr Farquharſon——By order of the Truſtees,

JOHN SYME, Truſtee, Factor, and Agent.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceaſed GEORGE THOMSON Merchant in Falkirk.

THE Creditors of the ſaid George Thomſon are deſired to lodge their claims, and vouchers thereof, and their depoſitions on the verity of their debts, in the hands of David Ruſſel, accomptant, or of Henry Home writer to the ſignet, betwixt and the 20th October next, in order that the arbiter may proceed in the ranking of the creditors, and diviſion of the funds.

FIRST NOTICE

To the Creditors, and Truſtees for the Creditors of JOHN and ARCHIBALD WILSONS, late tenants in Fallſide.

THAT, in conſequence of a ſequeſtration awarded by the Court of Seſſion, againſt the perſonal eſtate of the ſaid John and Archibald Wilſons, a factor was appointed thereon, and afterwards the ſame was veſted in truſtees who have now ſold off the whole of the crop and ſtocking of the bankrupts; but, as two of the four truſtees have ſhown a deſire to protract a ſettlement of the bankrupt's affairs, and declines rendering any accompt of their intromiſſions to the other two truſtees, this public intimation is given, that ſuch perſons as are creditors to the ſaid John and Archibald Wilſons meet by themſelves, or perſons properly authoriſed by them, within the houſe of William Macalla innkeeper in Carnwath, upon Monday the 3d day of November next, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in order to examine into the management of the ſaid truſtees, and to appoint a new truſtee or truſtees in their place; —that the creditors alſo bring with them the grounds and vouchers of their debts, with affidavits on the verity thereof, in terms of the act of Parliament, otherwiſe they will be excluded from any vote as to the electing of new truſtees, or other matters that will be laid before the Meeting.

The Truſtees are likewiſe requeſted to come prepared with a ſtate of their intromiſſions under the truſt, and to bring with them the bills taken at the ſeveral ſales, that the creditors may have a full opportunity of examining the ſame.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

UPON the application of ROBERT GOURLAY Senior, Leather-merchant in Edinburgh, and MARGARET NOBLE Milliner there, his ſpouſe, with concurrence of Thomas Beetſon merchant in London, their attorney, Lord Elliock officiating as Ordinary on the bills, did, on the 18th current, SEQUESTRATE the whole real and perſonal eſtate of the ſaid Robert Gourlay and Margaret Noble, in terms of the late act of Parliament, and appointed their creditors to meet at Edinburgh, within John's Coffee-houſe, upon Tueſday the 5th day of October next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to name an interim-factor upon the ſaid ſequeſtrated eſtates; and granted warrant and commiſſion to the Sheriff-depute of the ſhire of Edinburgh, or his ſubſtitutes; and failing them, to any of the Juſtices of the Peace of the county, or Magiſtrates of Edinburgh, to attend the ſaid Meeting of Creditors, and to receive their grounds of debt, with the oaths required by the ſtatute thereon.

This public notice is therefore given to the creditors of the ſaid Robert Gourlay and Margaret Noble, in obedience to the ſaid act of Parliament, and order of Court.

NOTICE

To the Creditors of JAMES TAIT Merchant and Victualler in Glaſgow.

UPON the application of the ſaid JAMES TAIT, with the concurrence of Meſſ. Graham, Miln, and Co. merchants in Glaſgow, the Lord Elliock Ordinary, officiating upon the bills, upon the 19th September current, SEQUESTRATED the whole real and perſonal eſtate of the ſaid James Tait ſituated within the juriſdiction of the Court, and appointed his creditors to meet at Glaſgow, within the houſe of Thomas Durie vintner there, on Wedneſday next the 24th current, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to name an interim-factor for managing the ſaid ſequeſtrated eſtate, all in terms of the ſtatute paſſed in the laſt ſeſſion of Parliament; agreeably to which, and to the order of Court, this public intimation is given, of which the creditors of the ſaid James Tait, and all others concerned, are deſired to take notice.

NOTICE

To the Creditors and Debtors of JOHN THOMSON Late Merchant in Stonehaven.

DAVID MORICE Advocate in Aberdeen, Truſtee on the perſonal eſtate of the ſaid John Thomſon late merchant in Stonehaven, a bankrupt, hereby gives notice to the creditors of the ſaid John Thomſon, That the Sheriff of the county of Kincardine has, upon the application of the ſaid truſtee, fixed Thurſday the 25th of September current, Thurſday the 2d, Thurſday the 9th, and Thurſday the 16th days of October next, for the examination of the father, mother, brother, and ſiſters of the bankrupt, and ſuch other perſons as may be adduced for diſcovering his effects, within the Court-houſe of Stonehaven, at eleven o'clock forenoon on theſe days.

And it is requeſted, that ſuch of the creditors as it may ſuit, or who can give uſeful information, will attend. And all perſons who were indebted to the ſaid John Thomſon, or have any effects of his in their cuſtody, are required forthwith to pay and deliver in the ſame to the ſaid David Morice, otherwiſe they will be proſecuted.

Aberdeen, Sept. 17. 1783.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN BURNS late Merchant in Glaſgow.

MR FINDLAY, the Truſtee upon Mr Burns's ſequeſtrated eſtate, hereby intimates to all concerned, that by the firſt of November next, he will be ready to divide the whole funds recovered by him: It is therefore requeſted, that all thoſe that are creditors of Mr Burns, (and who have not already complied with the terms thereof) will, betwixt and that time, lodge with him, or Thomas Buchanan writer in Glaſgow, a diſtinct note of the debt due by Burns to them, with the vouchers thereof, and their oath of verity thereon;—hereby certifying all thoſe who do not comply herewith, that, after that period, they will be cut off from any dividend or ſhare of the bankrupt's ſubject, as at that time a full and final dividend will be made by the Truſtee of the bankrupt's ſubject and effects left by him in Scotland.

AYR RACES

WILL be run for as formerly advertiſed, but will be upon Tueſday the 23d, and Wedneſday the 24th of September current, in place of Monday the 22d, and Tueſday the 23d.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, 18th September 1783.

By Order of the Hon. Commiſſioners of Exciſe.

ON FRIDAY the 26th September inſtant, there will be expoſed to public SALE by public auction, in the Exciſe Ware-houſe in LEITH, at one o'clock afternoon,

540 Gallons of FOREIGN BRANDY, contained in half ankers, appriſed at 7 s. 6 d. per gallon.

400 Gallons of FOREIGN GENEVA, contained in ankers, appriſed at 7 s. per gallon.

The conditions of SALE, and the ſpirits, (which were ſome time ſince condemned in his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer) may be ſeen at the Exciſe Warehouſe in Leith, on the day before, and morning of the day of ſale.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Manſion-houſe, Offices, Gardens, Orchards, Policy, and Parks of RESTALRIG, which belonged to the deceaſed Alexander Tait, Eſq; one of the principal clerks of Seſſion. The Houſe conſiſts of nine fire-rooms, with kitchen, ſervants hall, &c. The premiſſes are all in exceeding good repair, moſt completely incloſed, and a conſiderable quantity of thriving planting thereon. There are two good gardens and an orchard, all completely ſtocked with ſtandard and wall-fruit trees of the beſt kinds, with Green-Houſe, &c. The whole includes about 22 acres of ground, and lies about a mile to the eaſt of Edinburgh.

The entry to be at Martinmas next. The houſe and grounds to be ſeen on Monday, Wedneſday, and Friday, betwixt the hours of twelve and two afternoon.

For further particulars, apply to Alexander Tait writer in Edinburgh.

Diſtillery, Brewery, and Starch Utenſils,

TO BE SOLD BY ROUP.

THERE are to be peremptorily rouped and ſold, on Wedneſday the 24th of September inſtant, at the Work of Maurice Thomſon Diſtiller and Brewer, &c. head of Portſburgh, Edinburgh, One Copper of 914 gallons content; One Singling Still of 567 gallons content; One Doubling Still of 287 gallons content; with the whole other Brewing and Diſtilling Utenſils: Alſo a complete ſet of Starch Utenſils; with the Houſehold Furniture, all in good order.

The roup is poſitively to proceed on the 24th current, to begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue till all be ſold off.

THE ROUP of the Lands of SAUCHRIE, in

the pariſh of Maybole, and ſhire of Ayr, as formerly advertiſed, is poſtponed to Friday the 10th of October next, at twelve o'-clock noon, in the Queen's Head Inn, in the burgh of Ayr.

The title-deeds, articles of roup, and plan of the lands, to be ſeen in the hands of John Hunter writer to the ſignet; and another copy of the plan to be ſeen with James Neil writer in Ayr.

LANDS IN AYR SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup on Friday the 17th October next, at four o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of TRABOCH MAINS and KEYSHILL, lying in the pariſh of Stair; the yearly free rent of the ſame is 65 l. with ſome caſualties, and is under tack for ſix years from Martinmas next, after which a conſiderable riſe is expected. Keyhill may be entered to at Martinmas next; was three years ago limed on the ſurface, ſince which no part of it has been broke up.

ALSO,

The Lands of CASTLEHILL, lying about a mile from the town of Ayr, conſiſting of about 60 acres, divided into ten incloſures, well fenced with hedge and ditch; has an excellent ſteading of farm-houſes, and commands a beautiful proſpect of the ſea, and adjacent country.

The terms may be known by applying to William Crawford in Dalvenan, or Meſſrs Hunter and Co. bankers in Ayr.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD by public, under authority of the Court of Seſſion, in the Seſſion-houſe at Edinburgh, on Friday the 28th day of November next, betwixt the hours of four and ſix o'clock afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills.

The LANDS and other SUBJECTS after-

mentioned, which belonged to HUGH MOWAT merchant in Kirkwall, lying in the county of Orkney, viz.

LOT I. The Lands of NORTH and SOUTH PABDALE, and Mills thereof, with ſundry ſmall Houſes on theſe lands, lying in the pariſh of Saint Olla.

		SCOTS.	
The groſs rent of theſe lands is proven to be	L.	370	12 0
From which is deduced for teinds, which being biſhops teinds are not ſaleable,		74	2 4
Remains groſs rent of ſtock,	L.	296	9 8
Theſe lands hold feu of the Crown, as coming in place of the Biſhop of Orkney, for payment of an yearly feu duty of two barrels of butter, twelve meills of malt, and 10 s. 6 d. Scots of ſeat ſilver, proven to be worth in whole,		116	10 6
Remains free rent of the lands of North and South Bapdale,		179	19 2
And theſe lands being valued at 21 years purchaſe, the upſet price is		3778	15 6
The groſs rent of the mills of Pabdale is proved to be	SCOTS. L. 72	0	0
And there is payable for them an yearly feu-duty of ſix meills of meal, which is proved to be worth	36	0	0
Remains free rent of mills,	L. 36	0	0
And theſe mills being valued at 14 years purchaſe, the upſet price is		504	0 0
The rent of ſundry ſmall houſes upon the ſaid lands of Pabdale is proved to be	L. 35	0	0
And theſe houſes being valued at ſix years purchaſe, the upſet price is		210	0 0
Total upſet price of the lands of North and South Pabdale, including the mills and houſes,	L.	4492	15 6

LOT II. The Lands of UPPER and NETHER SAINT CATHARINES QUOYS, lying in the ſaid pariſh of Saint Olla.

The groſs rent of theſe Quoys is proved to be	L.	58	6 0
From which is deduced, for teinds, being biſhops teinds, and not ſaleable,		11	13 0
Remains groſs rent of ſtock,	L.	46	13 0
Theſe Quoys hold feu of the Crown, as coming in place of the Biſhops of Orkney, for payment of a yearly feu-duty of eight ſettings of malt, which is proved to be worth		6	13 4
Remains of free rent of Saint Katharine's Quoys,		39	19 8
And theſe Quoys being valued at 23 years purchaſe, the upſet price is		919	12 4

LOT III. The DWELLING-HOUSE, or Tenement of Land in the town of Kirkwall, with the offices and pertinents.—It holds burgage of the burgh of Kirkwall. The proven rent is 96 l. Scots; and being valued at 17 years purchaſe, the upſet price is 1632 0 0

The articles of roup and title-deeds may be ſeen in the hands of Mr George Kirkpatrick, clerk to the proceſs of ſale, or David Balfour writer to the ſignet.

FARMS TO BE LET,

For ſuch number of years as ſhall be agreed for, And entered to at Michaelmas firſt,

At Ochiltree, two miles eaſt of Linlithgow, and in that pariſh,

THE South Farm of OCHILTREE, containing about 200 acres of excellent ground, all incloſed, which will be let with or without part of the manſion-houſe, for a ſit-houſe, if taken by a Gentleman; otherwiſe there are ſufficient houſes, offices, &c. on the farm.

2. Alſo, at Primroſe, 7 miles ſouth of Edinburgh, on the Laſſwade road, the Farm of PRIMROSE BARNS, which was lately poſſeſſed by Robert Manderſon, containing about 200 acres of excellent ground, with proper houſe, offices, &c. finely ſituated on the banks of the river Eſk, covered with wood, which makes it thought a good ſituation for a gentleman's farm.

3. Likewiſe, The Farm of FATLIPS, with houſes.

4. Alſo, The Farm of REDSIDE, containing about 300 acres, now in old paſture, and all incloſed with ſtone, ſheep fencible.

Alſo to LET, at Dalmenie, near the Queensferry,

5. One or Two LARGE FARMS, on a leaſe for tillage, or graſs; all incloſed, and at preſent moſtly in old paſture,

6. Alſo, Some Graſs Incloſures at Barnbougle Caſtle, where contractors are wanted for levelling, road-making, ditching, &c.——Enquire of Mr Melvill there, or of Mr Mitchelſon, Nicholſon Street, Edinburgh.

N. B. Scotch Manufacturers and Handicrafts, and Engliſh Huſbandmen, will meet with encouragement to ſettle on theſe eſtates; particularly a Smith, Maſon, Carpenter, or other tradeſmen, for the Long Green, near Barnbougle Caſtle, who will have conſtant work, and where there is a houſe, ſtables, &c. for the accommodation, lodging, and boarding of Gentlemens ſervants, and other ſtrangers.

The contractors may apply to James Richmond ſeedſman, Grais-market, Edinburgh, or at Barnbougle Caſtle.

The farms to be ſhown by Alexander Tweedie, at Primroſe Town; by Mr Melvill, at Barnbougle Caſtle; and by George Macilpie, baron officer at Ochiltree.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 17th day of December 1783, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon.

The Lands and Eſtate of KILHEAD, lying in

the pariſh of Cummertrees, and county of Dumfries, the preſent rent whereof is about 1550 l. Sterling, excluſive of the natural wood, which, at the different cuttings, gives a conſiderable price.

This Eſtate conſiſts of about 4500 acres of land, exceedingly improveable. Near 2000 acres are incloſed, and ſubdivided with dykes, hedges, and ſtripes of planting. There is upon the eſtate a large commodious modern Manſion Houſe and offices, ſome natural oak wood, beſides large plantations; and in many parts of the ground, there are great quantities of lime-ſtone, and ſhell marle.

The Eſtate lies in a pleaſant level country, along the ſide of the Solway Frith, about two miles north-weſt of the town of Annan, and ten ſouth-eaſt of Dumfries, upon the military road from Portpatrick to Carliſle. It holds partly of the Crown, and partly of a ſubject. The teinds are valued. A conſiderable part of the price may remain in the hands of the purchaſer.

The premiſſes, and rental thereof, will be ſhown by John Johnſton at Pennersbaughs, the factor.

The writings and articles of roup are in the hands of James Walker writer to the ſignet, to whom any perſon wanting further information may apply.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLESHIRE,

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, upon Wedneſday the 4th of February next, between five and ſix afternoon,

THE ESTATE of DUNTROON and OIB, lying in the

pariſhes of Kilmartine and North Knapdale, and ſhire of Argyle. The preſent free rent is upwards of 860 l. The lands are moſtly out of leaſe; the longeſt of theſe current do not exceed ſix years from Whitſunday 1783. In this rent are included, at reaſonable converſions, 136 bolls oat meal, and 76 bolls barley, with ſundry kain and caſualties, optional to the proprietor to exact in kind or fixed converted prices, and which the tenants have paid in money for years paſt. The tenants are all thriving, and pay their rents punctually; and their houſes are all in good repair.

Theſe lands are conveniently ſituated for markets, on the arms of the ſea called Loch Crinan and Loch Sween, and within four miles of the great carriage-road leading from Inverary to Campbelton, whence (at Lochgilphead) there ſtrikes off an excellent carriage-road, paſſing through the eſtate to the manſion-houſe of Duntroon (on the lands of Ardechaſtle). This houſe and offices are commodious, and in good repair, pleaſantly ſituated cloſe to the ſea, and upon a promontory jutting into Loch Crinan, with an orchard well ſtored with fruit-trees.

The whole of the eſtate is of an excellent quality and ſoil, both for graſs and corn, of great extent, and ſufficiently incloſed, and partly ſubdivided, and capable of conſiderable improvement, and riſe of rent, the climate being early, from the favourable expoſure and dry warm ſituation of the lands, lying upon limeſtone, and abounding with turf. The valuable flat and ſea marſh of Crinan and Cuilchruick, conſiſting of more than 2000 acres, is moſtly well adapted for the plough.

There is a very valuable natural wood upon the eſtate, which was cut a few years ago, and brought 1000 l. Upwards of 4000 oak ſtandards (ſome of a conſiderable ſize) and ſome haggs, were then reſerved. And the wood having been thoroughly fenced, and well taken care of, is now in a very thriving ſtate. There are alſo conſiderable plantations of thriving wood of different kinds upon the lands of Ardechaſtle and Tilliger; ſo that altogether a more complete property for its extent, ſeldom appears in the market. It holds of the Duke of Argyle, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

The whole will be ſold together or ſeparately. If in lots, the following are propoſed:

I. The Lands of Ardechaſtle, Tilliger, Crinan, Eaſt Ardephuire, Weſt Ardephuire, Kilchoan, Brainport, and the acres annexed, with the ſalmon-fiſhings of the water of Add. Rent about	L. 371
II. The Lands of Cuilcruick (having a moſt elegant ſituation for a manſion-houſe), Ballighoun, Achachroam, and Ardachive, with the other acres annexed, the mill of Slockvolline, and Feu-duties payable out of the eſtates of Poltalloch, Iſlandree, and Glencharn. Rent about	L. 270
III. The Lands of Oib-More, Gar-Oib, and Kilmorie, with the acres annexed, and Mill of Koylziber. Rent about	L. 163
IV. The Lands of Laggan, with the Pendicle of Lagganruarie. Rent about	L. 57
	L. 860.

The title-deeds are clear, and, with the tacks, are in the hands of John Moir writer to the ſignet, who, and Duncan Campbell writer at Inverary, will inform as to other particulars. John Campbell ſchoolmaſter at Duntroon will ſhow that eſtate, and John Campbell at Tayoch will ſhow the eſtate of Oib.

STIRLINGSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by auction, upon Wedneſday the 19th day of November next, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, at five o'clock afternoon,

I. The Barony of GLENTIRRAN, in the pariſh of Kippen, within eight miles of Stirling;—holds blench of the Crown; valued rent 605 l. Scots; free real rent about 320 l. Sterling.

II. The Farms of MIDDLEFIELD and DOCCOCLES, in the Kerſe, and near the town of Falkirk; bounded on the north by the Great Canal; hold alſo blench of the Crown;—valued rent 152 l. Scots; free real rent about 140 l. Sterling.

III. The Farms in DUNDAFF, in the pariſh of St Ninians, poſſeſſed by William Moriſon, Andrew Adam, and William Moriſon; free rent about 130 l. Sterling; hold of the Duke of Montroſe for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

Other particulars will be explained by Mr Farquharſon accomptant in Edinburgh, or by James Ferrier writer to the ſignet, who will ſhow the conditions of ſale, rentals, and writings.

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